

Simpler Register Model

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Background

- A register model is a model of the software visible registers and memories in the design.
 - Most test benches need one.
- UVM system verilog package is the de facto standard for test benches.
 - Uvm_reg provides the base classes for creating a register model.

Problems With UVM_REG

- Large Memory Footprint.
 - Static Allocation of memory for all locations.
- Randomization fails for Large Tables.
 - Implements tables as static array of registers.
- API is confusing to use.
 - Mirror, Update, Predict.
- Hard to Understand source code. (22K Lines in 26 files).

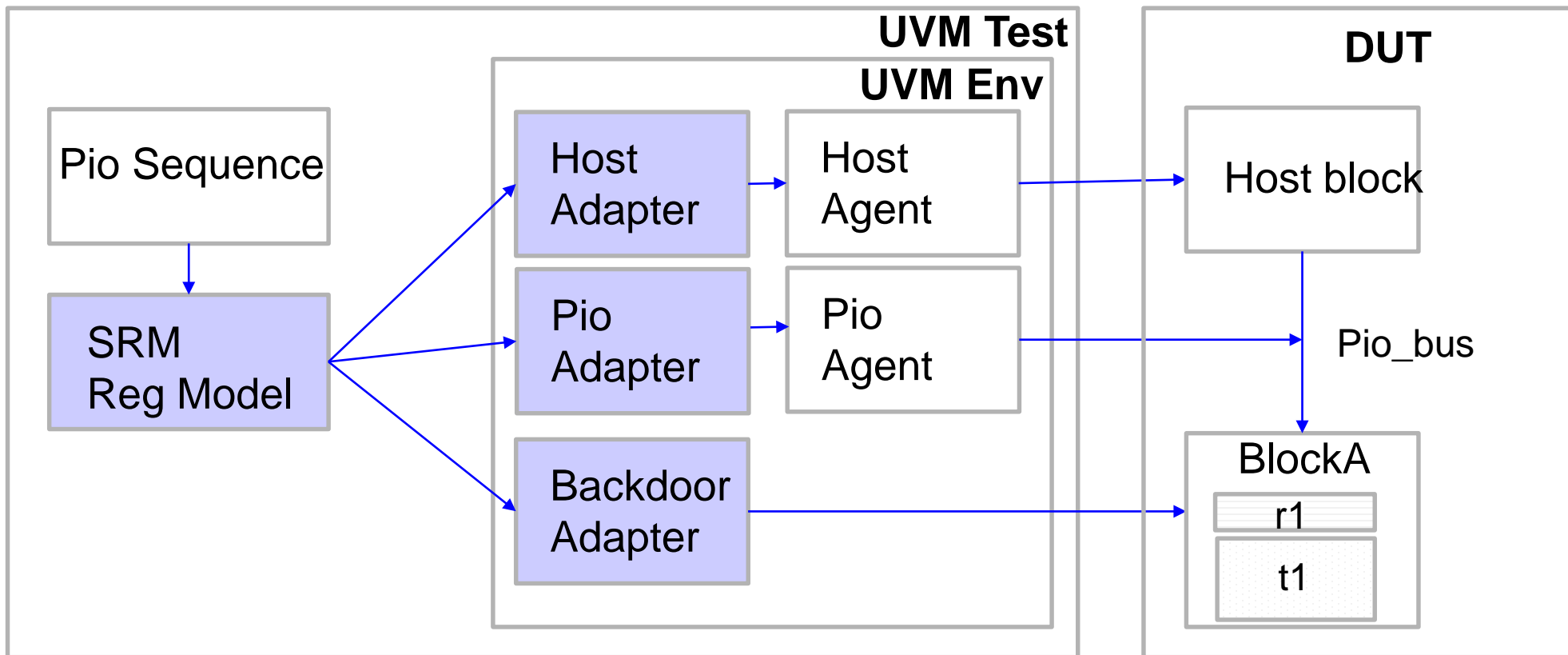
Simpler Register Model

- A open source register model package for replacing uvm_reg in uvm test benches.
- Source code available under MIT license on github.
https://github.com/Juniper/simple_reg_model
- Demo code available under MIT license on github.
https://github.com/sanjeevs/srm_sap

SRM Goals

- Scalable to large system level test benches.
 - Memory efficient.
 - Scalable Randomization.
- Simple & Concise API.
 - Single value stored for each field.
- Reusable Sequences.
 - Reusable across multiple hierarchy.
 - Independent of access mechanism (backdoor/frontdoor/etc).

SRM Based Test bench



SRM Base Classes

- Two basic data types.
 - *srm_register* : a single register.
 - *srm_table*: array of registers.
- Access parameters.
 - *srm_base_handle*:
 - Selects the correct adapter to use.
 - Configuration options.

SRM Register

```
typedef struct packed {  
    reg[31:0] field0;  
} r1_struct_t;
```

Fields of register are a packed structure

```
class r1_reg extends srm_reg#(r1_struct_t);  
    srm_field#(bit[31:0]) field0;
```

Register is a template class on the struct

```
    function new(string name, srm_component parent);  
    ...  
    endfunction  
  
endclass
```


SRM Table

Table is a template class on the struct

```
class r1_table extends srm_table#(r1_struct_t);  
  // A entry of the table  
  class r1_table_entry extends srm_table_entry#(r1_struct_t);  
  ...  
endclass  
  
function new(string name, ...);  
  r1_table_entry entry;  
  super.new(.name(...));  
  entry = new(..);  
  _prototype = entry;  
endfunction  
endclass
```

A table entry is dynamically allocated on writes.

Prototype Design Pattern

SRM Handle

```
class host_handle extends srm_base_handle;  
  function new(...);  
    skip_read_error_msgs = 0;  
    .  
  endfunction  
  
  virtual function srm_bus_adapter get_adapter(srm_node obj);  
    .  
    . →  
    .  
  endfunction  
endclass
```

Configuration Options

Logic to select adapter

Walk from the current node to the root looking for the correct adapter to use.

Register Access API

Task Access	Effect On DUT	Effect On SRM Model
<code>model.r1.write(handle, 32'h0)</code>	Writes the value to DUT	Updates the model.
<code>model.r1.read(handle, rd_data);</code>	Reads the value from DUT	Checks that the non volatile fields match and updates the volatile fields.

Function Access	Effect On DUT	Effect On SRM Model
<code>model.r1.set(32'h0)</code>	None	Updates the model.
<code>model.r1.get();</code>	None	Read from the model.

Table Access API

- A table is an array of entries of type `srm_register`.
- Use `'entry_at(index)'` to get the table entry.

Write to table at offset 100.

```
model.t1.entry_at(100).write(handle, 32'h0);
```

Read from table at offset 100.

```
model.t1.entry_at(100).read(handle, rd_data);
```

Register Randomization

```
class r1_constr extends uvm_object;
```

Auto generated constraint class.

```
    rand bit [31:0] field0;
```

```
    function r1_struct_t get_data();  
endclass
```

Convert to packed struct.

```
r1_struct_t wr_data;
```

```
r1_constr c1 = r1_constr::type_id::create("r1_constr");
```

```
c1.randomize();
```

Generate random value

```
wr_data = c1.get_data();
```

Write the random value

```
regmodel.r1.write(handle, wr_data);
```

Table Randomization

```
r1_struct_t wr_data;  
r1_constr c1 = r1_constr::type_id::create("r1_constr");  
  
for(int i = 0; i < depth_of_table; i++) begin  
    c1.randomize();  
    wr_data = c1.get_data();  
    model.t1_table.entry_at(i).write(handle, wr_data);  
end
```

Generate random value for each entry in table

Write the random value

Scalable Randomization

Reusable Sequences (1)

```
task block_test::run_phase();
```

```
...
```

```
  blockA_cfg_sequence.regmodel = blockA.r1;
```

```
  blockA_cfg_sequence.start(null);
```

```
...
```

```
endtask
```

Block Level Test

```
task chip_test::run_phase();
```

```
...
```

```
  blockA_cfg_sequence.regmodel = chip.blockA.r1;
```

```
  blockA_cfg_sequence.start(null);
```

```
...
```

```
endtask
```

Chip Level Test

Reusable Sequences (2)

```
class base_test;
  frontdoor_handle f_handle; // Handle for each adapter
  backdoor_handle b_handle;
  block_regmodel regmodel;

  task run_phase(..);
    reg_sequence.initialize(regmodel, f_handle);
    reg_sequence.start(null); Sequence uses frontdoor

    reg_sequence.initialize(regmodel, b_handle);
    reg_sequence.start(null); Sequence uses backdoor

  endtask
endclass
```


Other Features

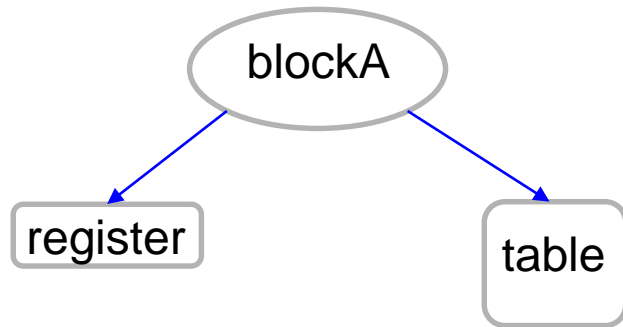
- Callbacks to model special types of registers.
- Functional coverage.
- Introspection API to write generic sequences.
- Composite API.
 - `model.load()`, `model.store()`, `model.store_update()`

Register Model Generation

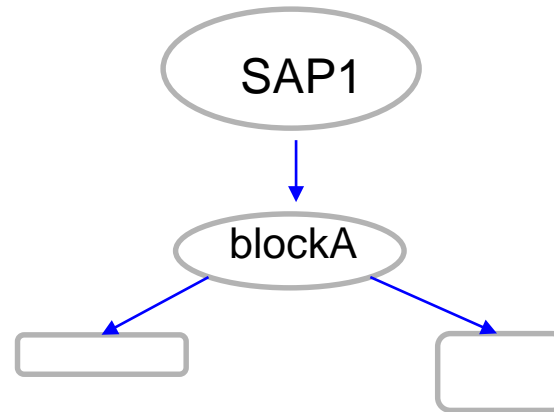
- System RDL.
 - Use open source tool <https://github.com/Juniper/open-register-design-tool>
 - Developed at Juniper Networks.
- DSL written in Ruby. <https://github.com/sanjeevs/srm>

Simple As Possible Demo

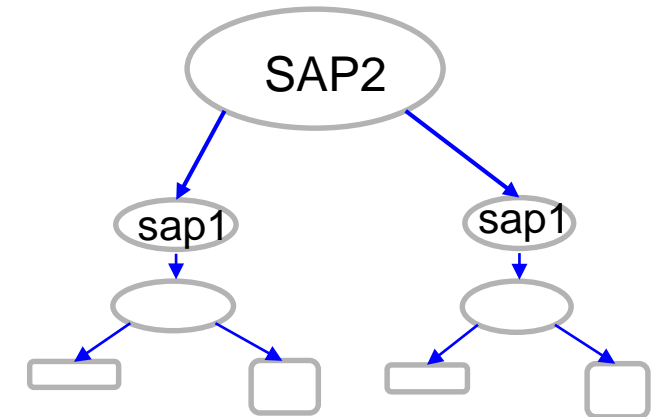
- https://github.com/sanjeevs/srm_sap



Block Level Address Map



Chip Level Address Map



System Level Address Map

Acknowledgements

- Thanks to my employer “Juniper Network” for releasing the code under MIT license.
- Special thanks.
 - Scott Nellenbach for open source tool.
 - <https://github.com/Juniper/open-register-design-tool>
 - David Meador for valuable feedback.

Thanks

Please contact me if you would like to contribute.

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Limitations of SRM

- API is not compatible with uvm_reg.
 - Use for new test benches.
- New
 - Yet to be proven in a real chip tape out.
- No commercial register generation tool support.
 - Open Source Tool Generation in works.
 - Support for Python, Ruby scripting.