

Highly Configurable UVM Environment for Parameterized IP Verification

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Abstract

- This paper describes parameterized AMBA Fabric IP verification.
 - AMBA Fabric connects a group of AMBA master and slave devices.
 - numbers of masters, slaves
 - bus protocols
 - address and data widths

Problem Statement



Prior Work

In order to support one IP's verification in multiple projects , usually two methods:

1) Many Netlists

```
testbench_copy1 PROJECT_1--parameter group1  
testbench_copy2 PROJECT_2--parameter group2
```

maintain effort is significant

2) Text Macros

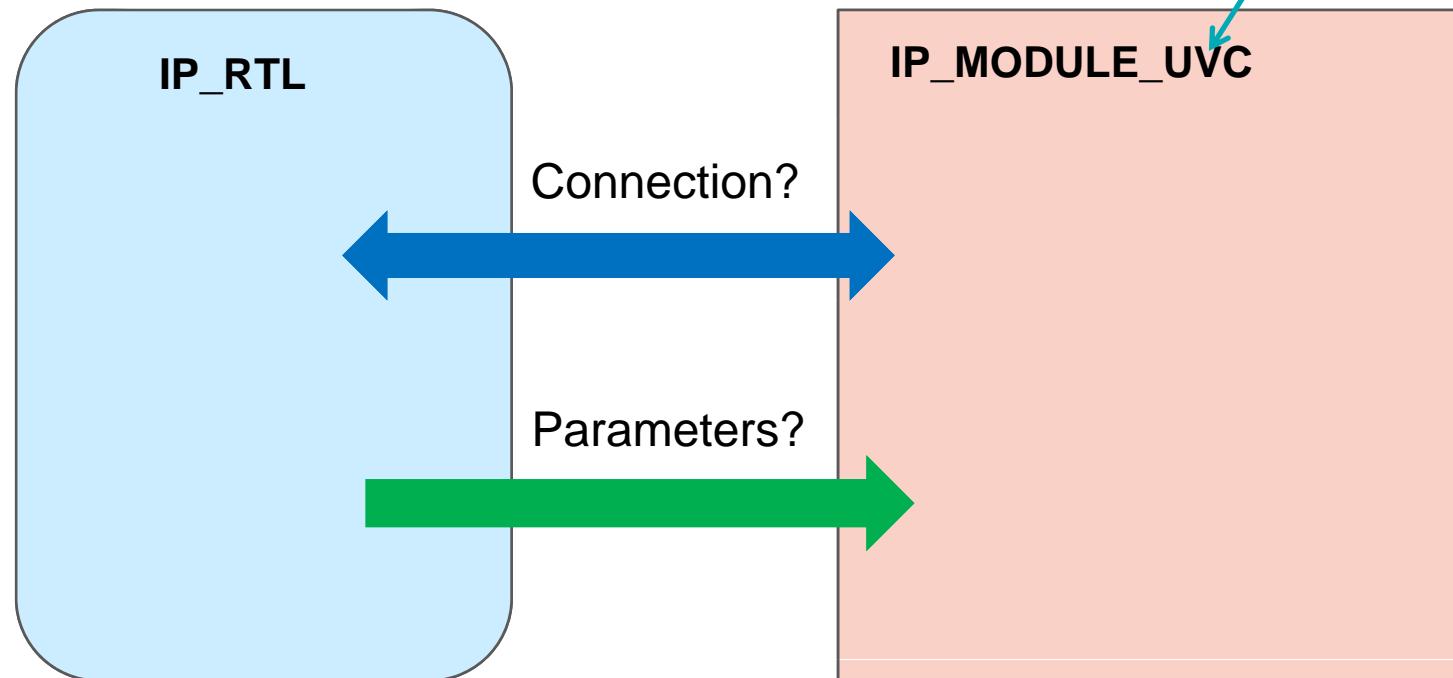
```
FCH Macro  
`ifdef project_A  
`define svt_axi_addr_width 32  
`ifdef project_B  
`define svt_axi_addr_width 64  
  
GPU Macro  
`ifdef project_A  
`define svt_axi_addr_width 64  
`ifdef project_B  
`define svt_axi_addr_width 128
```

reuse is poor

scope control is a problem

UVM is enough? NO!

1. How connection is controlled by parameters?
2. How UVC is configured by parameters?



Proposed Approach / Solution

Steps to create highly configurable IP verification environment.

▲ Step 1: Create Features.

- 1) Features/album.dj.
- 2) preprocess mechanism.

▲ Step 2: Connection Bind and Feature Class.

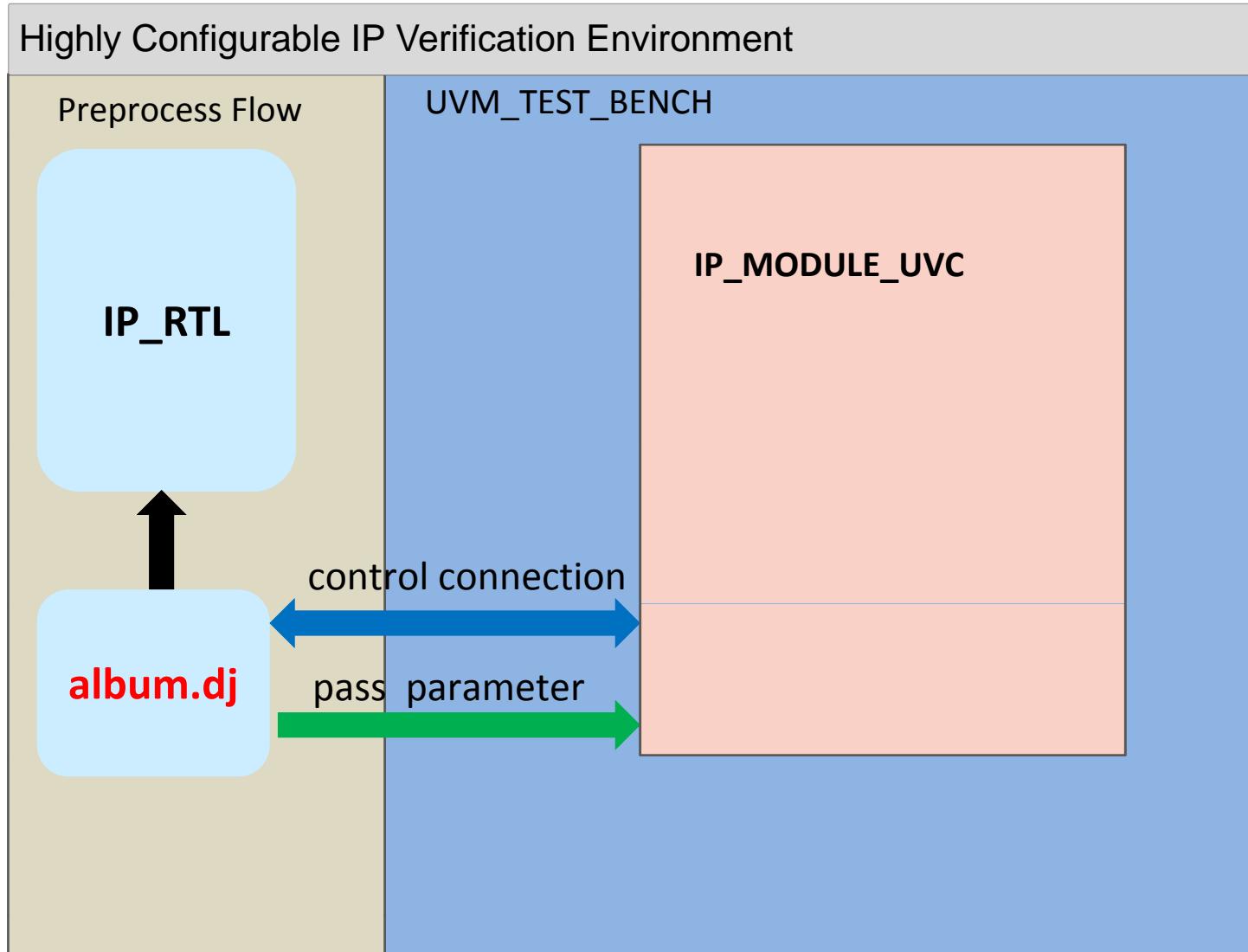
- 1) Connection bind.
- 2) Feature ruby program.
- 3) Feature class structure.

▲ Step 3: Develop UVM Environment

- 1) Highly configurable UVM environment structure
- 2) Stimulus sequence and sequencer highly configurable.
- 3) Cover group configuration by feature.
- 4) Vertical reuse
- 5) Horizontal reuse .

Proposed Approach / Solution

Step 1: Create Features.
Step 2: Connection Bind and Feature Class
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Proposed Approach / Solution

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1) Features/album.dj

a) Features are **IP design parameters**, design engineer defines them.

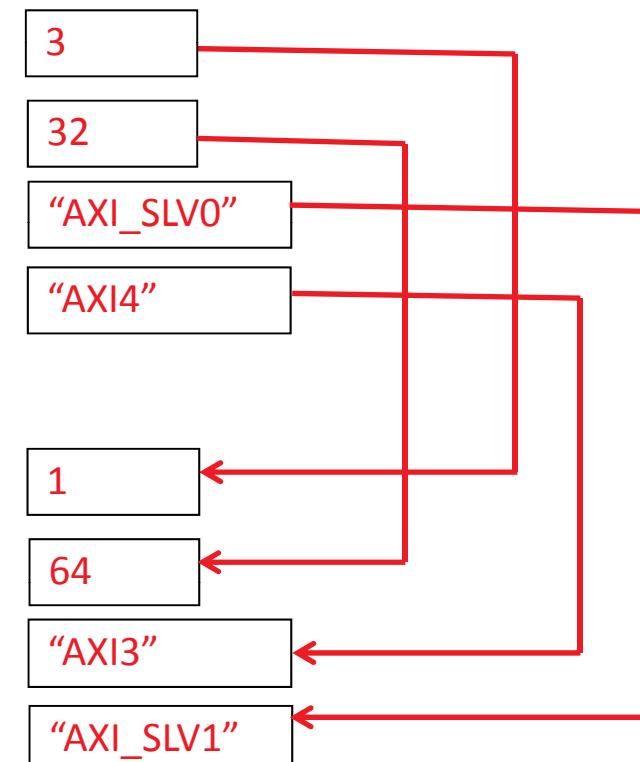
```
component :amba do |variant|  
    case variant
```

when: **IP_existing**

```
        feature "axi_slaves",  
        feature "axi_slave0_addr_width",  
        feature "axi_slave0_name",  
        feature "axi_slave0_protocol",  
        ...
```

when: **IP_future**

```
        feature "axi_slaves",  
        feature "axi_slave0_addr_width",  
        feature "axi_slave0_protocol ",  
        feature "axi_slave0_name ",
```



Proposed Approach / Solution

Step 1: Create Features.
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2) preprocess mechanism

a) preprocess flow translates IP features to ruby format.

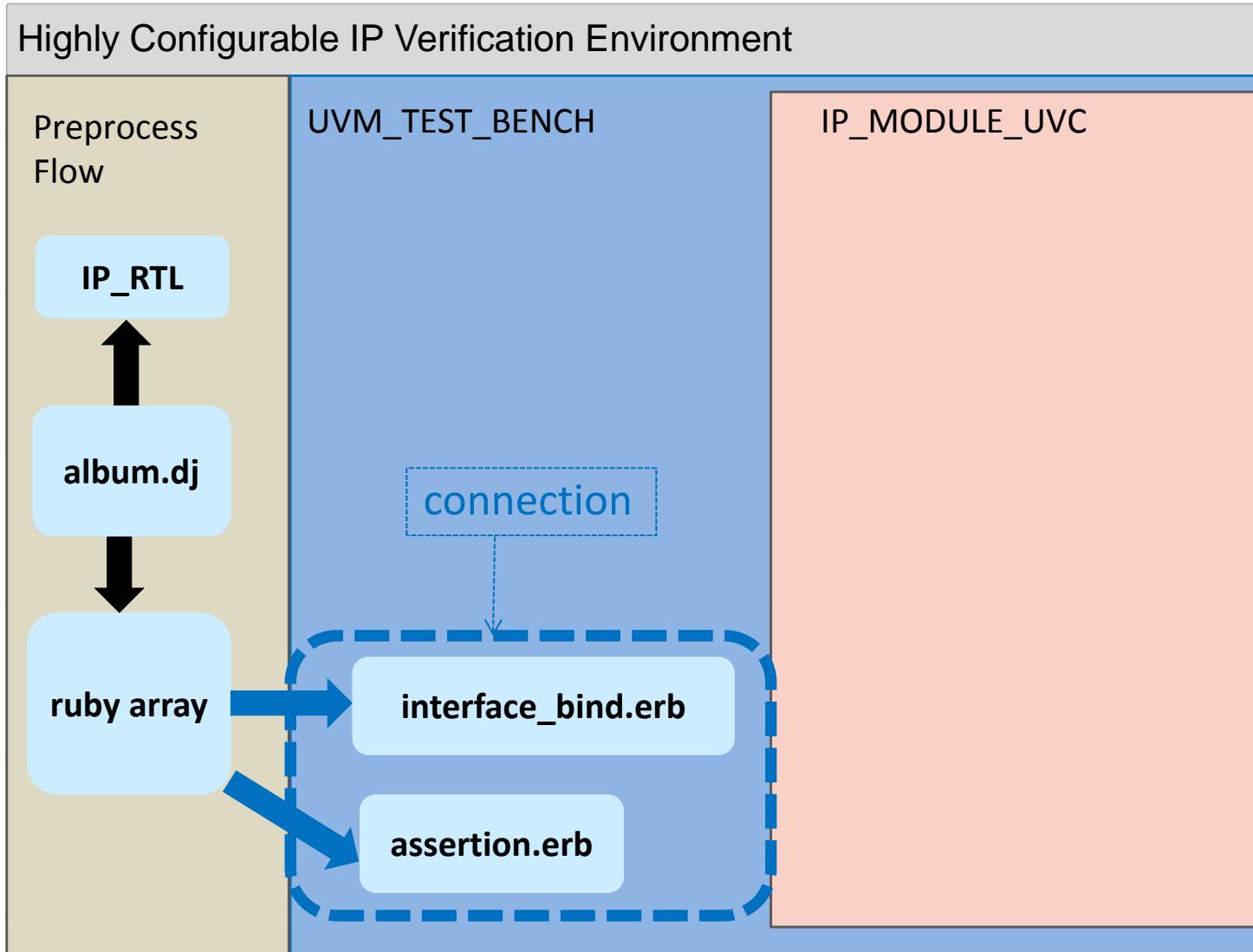
b) Generate ruby array **@@FEATURES** of one project provided by argument .

```
component amba(:IP_existing), :as=>:amba
```

```
class AmbaFeatures
  @@FEATURES = YAML::load('''
    :axi_slaves:          3
    :axi_slave0_name:     AXI_SLV0
    :axi_slave0_addr_width: 32
    :axi_slave0_protocol: AXI4
    ...
  ''')
```

Proposed Approach / Solution

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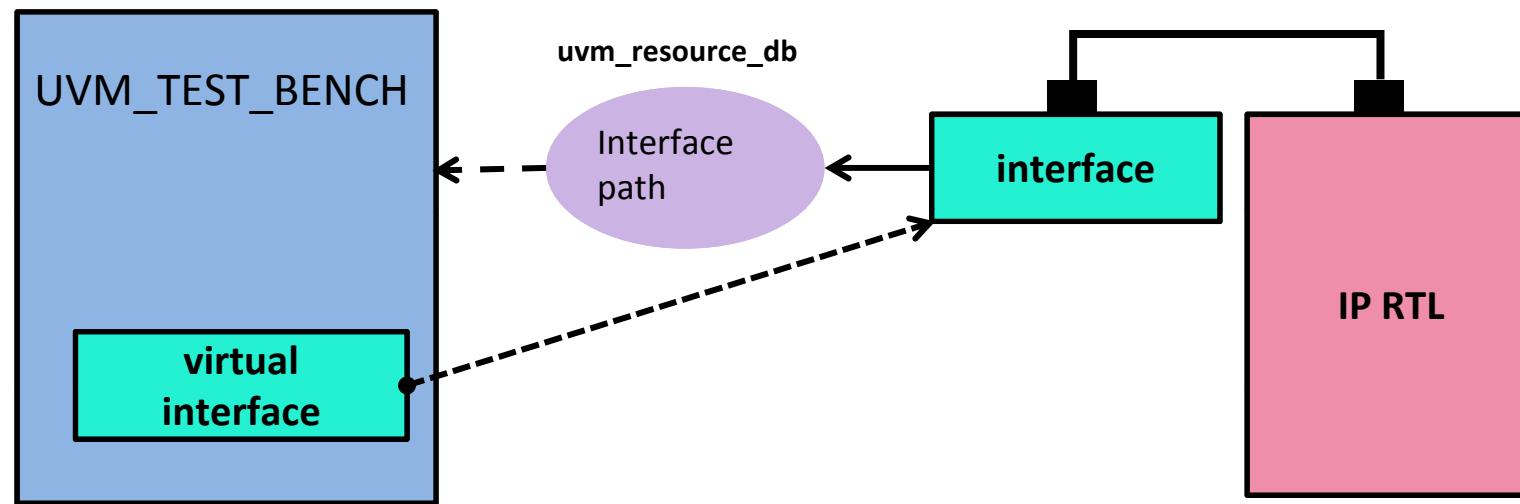


Proposed Approach / Solution

Step 1: Create Features.
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1) Connection bind

- Connect **static RTL world** and **dynamic UVM world**.



Proposed Approach / Solution

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b) Interface Bind Ruby Program

```
% for i in 0..(features("axi_slaves")-1) do  
  
bind `IP_AMBA_MODNAME svt_axi_slave_if amba_axi_slave_if<%=i%> (  
    .araddr( XMST_<%=features("axi_slave#{i}_port")%>_rdAddr_araddr) ,  
    ...  
%end
```



```
bind `IP_AMBA_MODNAME svt_axi_slave_if amba_top_axi_slave_if0 (  
    .araddr(XMST_AXI_SLV0_rdAddr_araddr) ,  
    ...
```

⋮

```
bind `IP_AMBA_MODNAME svt_axi_slave_if amba_top_axi_slave_if2 (  
    .araddr(XMST_AXI_SLV0_rdAddr_araddr) ,  
    ...
```

Proposed Approach / Solution

Step 1: Create Features.
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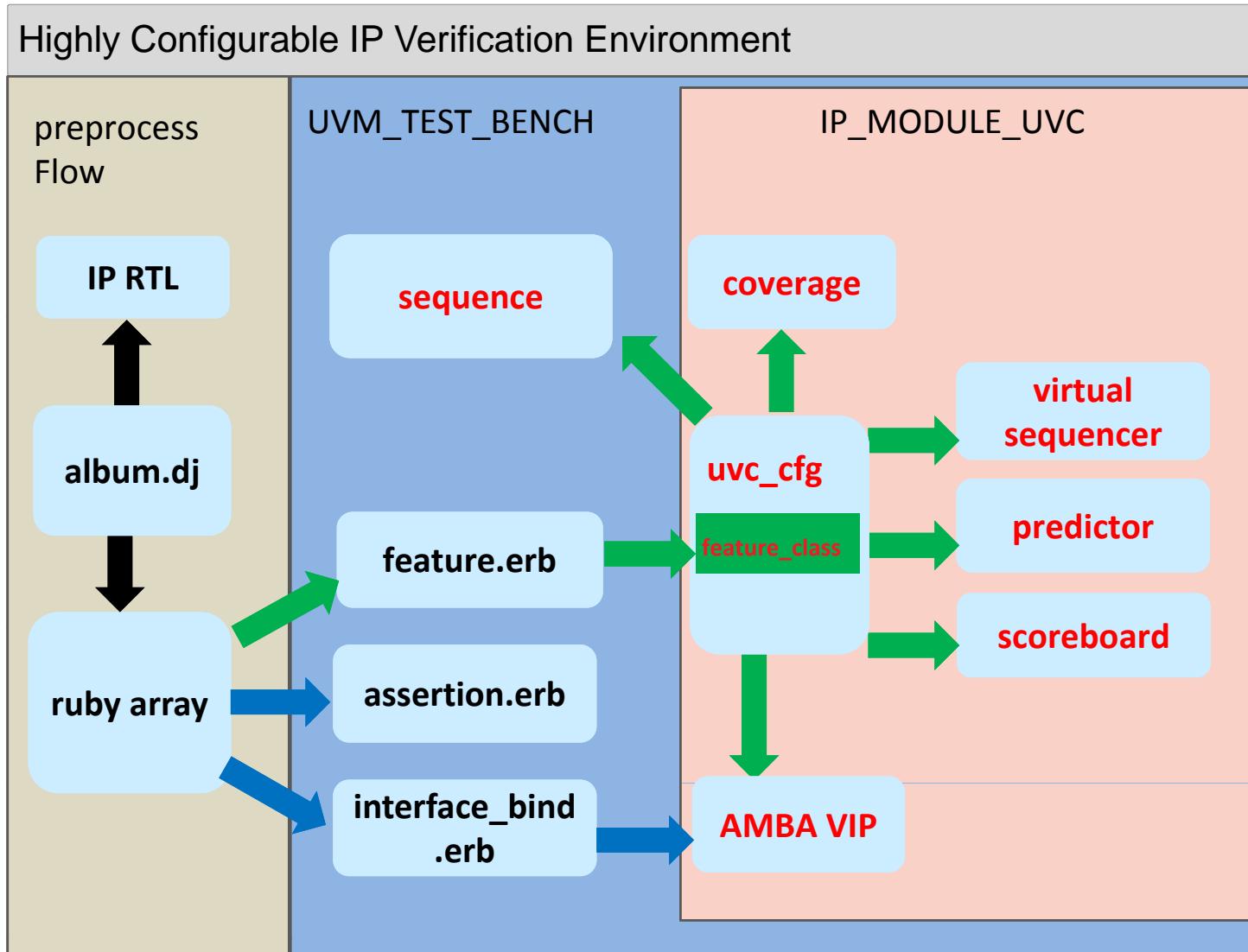
- c) Assertion Bind Ruby Program.

```
bind `IP_AMBA_MODNAME amba_checker amba_checker(  
    .apb_timeout_clk_in (32'd<%=features("apb_slave_timeout")%>)  
    ...
```

```
interface      amba_checker();  
property signal_apb0_timeout_cnt_cov;  
$rose(start) | -> ($past(apb0_cnt, 1) >= (apb_timeout_clk_in -1))  
endproperty
```

Proposed Approach / Solution

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Proposed Approach / Solution

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2) Feature ruby program

```
package amba_features_pkg;  
class amba_features extends uvm_object;
```

import wherever need

```
int axi_slv_addr[];
```

① user defines data structure

```
%AmбаFeatures::features.each_pair do |k,v|  
  %if(v.class == String || v.class == Symbol)  
    string <%=k%>;  
  %else  
    int <%=k%>;  
  %end
```

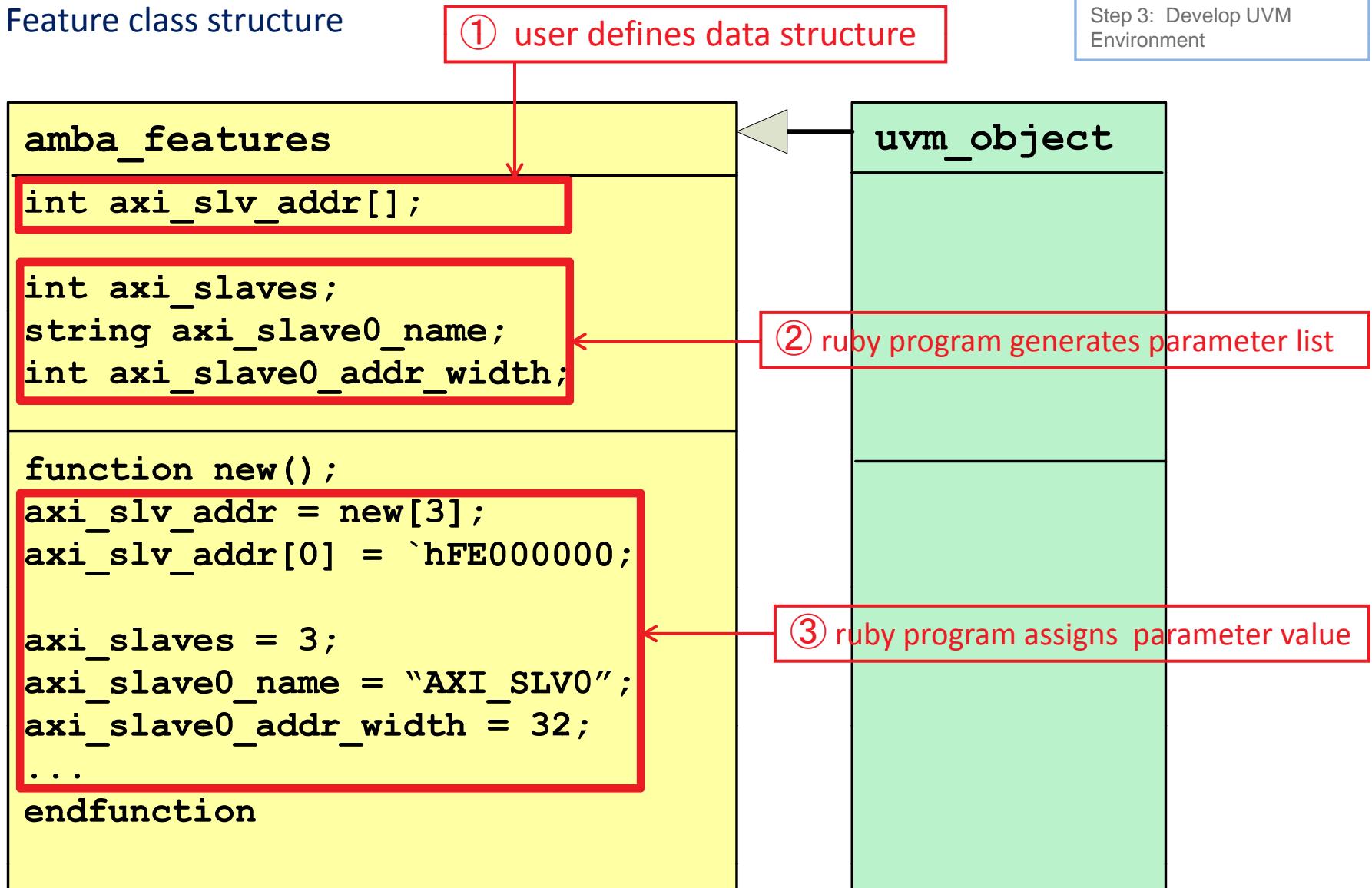
② ruby program generates parameter list

```
%AmбаFeatures::features.each_pair do |k,v|  
  %if "#{k}" =~ /axi_slave\d+.*address/  
    axi_slv_addr[<%=i%>] = 'h<%=v%>;  
  % i=i+1;  
  %end
```

③ ruby program assigns parameter value

Proposed Approach / Solution

3) Feature class structure

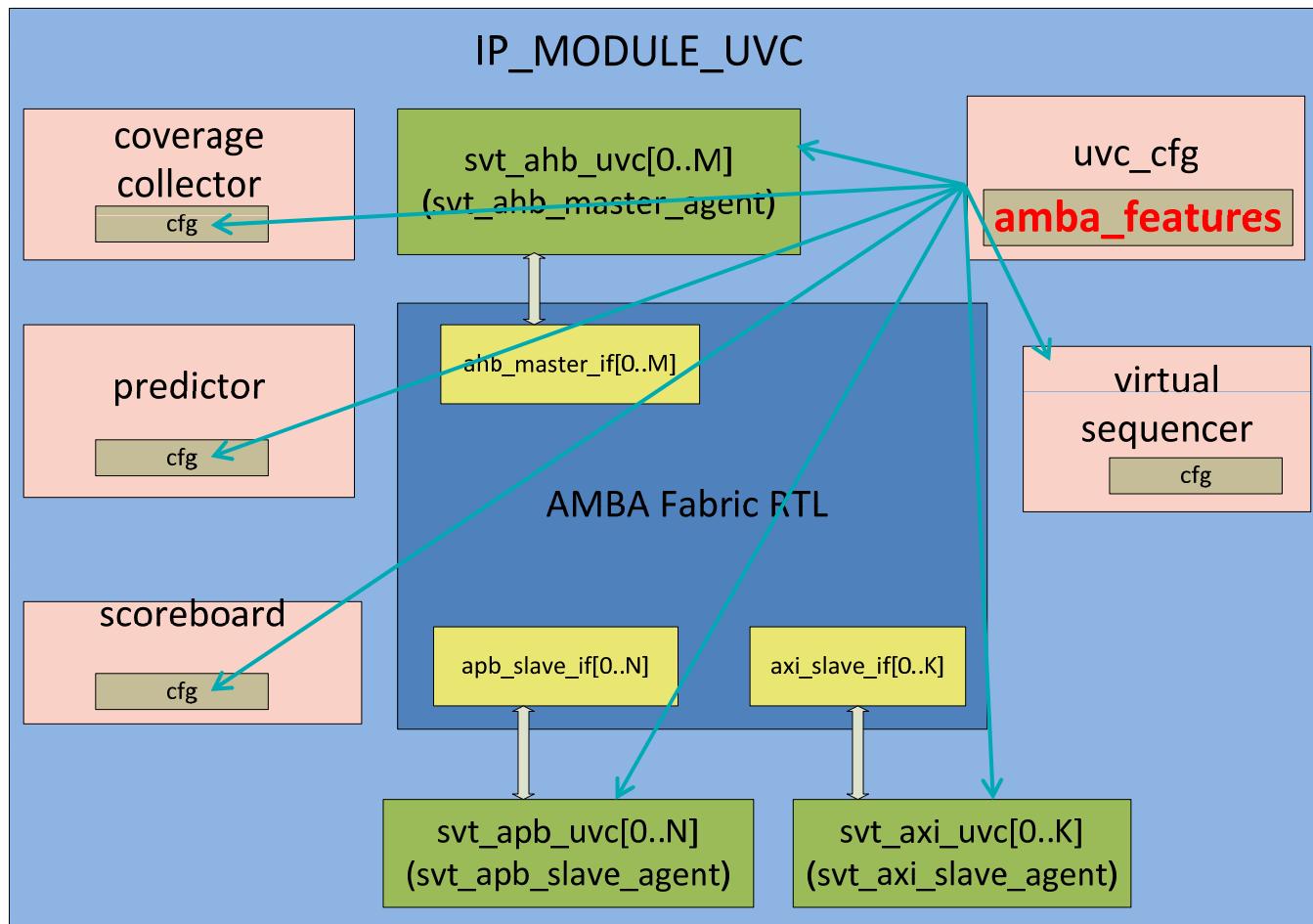


Step 1: Create Features.
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Proposed Approach / Solution

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1) Self-adaption UVM environment structure



Proposed Approach / Solution

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a) uvc_cfg configure.

```
axi_env_cfg = new[amba_features.axi_slaves];
for (int i=0; i<amba_features.axi_slaves; i++) begin
    axi_env_cfg[i].addr_width = amba_features.axi_addr_width[i];
    .
    .
end
```

b) third-party vip creation configure.

```
svt_axi_vip    axi_uvc_env[ ];
for (int i=0; i < cfg.amba_top_features.axi_slaves; i++) begin
    axi_uvc_env[i]=svt_axi_env::type_id::create(axi_uvc_env[i], this);
end
```

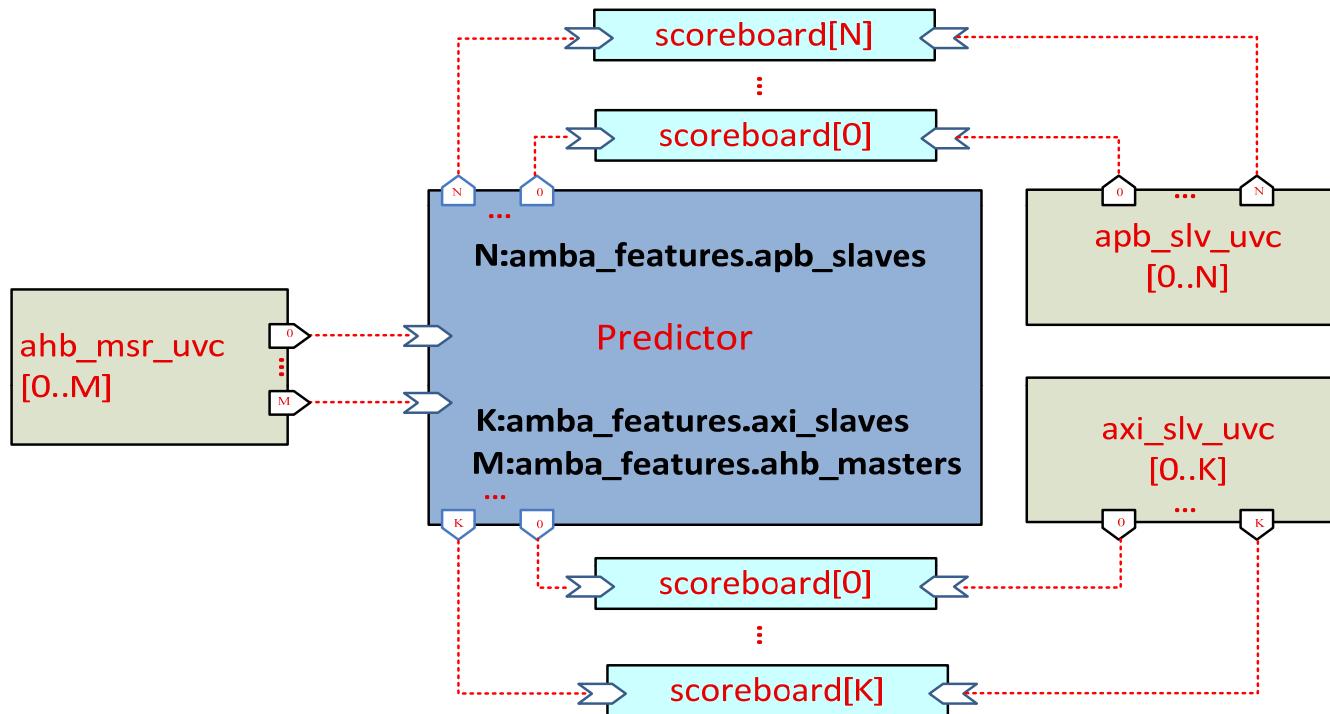
Proposed Approach / Solution

STEP3: DEVELOP UVM environment(1)

c) predictor and scoreboard config.

➤ predictor and scoreboard overview.

Step 1: Create Features.
Step 2: Connection Bind and Feature Class
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```
apb_scoreboard=new[ cfg.amba_features.apb_slaves ];  
axi_scoreboard=new[ cfg.amba_features.axi_slaves ];
```

Proposed Approach / Solution

Step 1: Create Features.
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- 2) stimulus sequence and sequencer configure.
 - virtual sequence start configure.

```
for(int k=0;k<cfg.amba_features.axi_slaves;k++) begin
  fork
    `uvm_do_on( amba_axi_seq[k] , p_sequencer.axi_slv_sqr[k] )
  join_none
end
```

- sequence constraint configure

```
for(int k=0;k<cfg.amba_features.axi_slaves;k++) begin
  `uvm_rand_send_with (read_tran,
  { read_tran.addr ==  cfg.amba_features.axi_slv_addr[k]+ 'hFFC;
  }
end
```

Proposed Approach / Solution

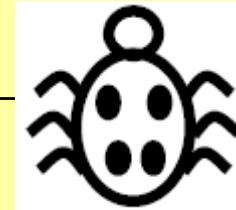
Step 1: Create Features.
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- 3) cover group configuration by feature.

```
amba_slv_cov_cb
```

```
wr_max = amba_features.axi_slv_outstanding_wr;
```

```
coverpoint num_wr_outstanding
  { bins nums[] = {[0:wr_max]} ;
```



Be Careful

```
amba_slv_cov_cb axi_slv_callback[];
```

```
axi_slv_callback = new[amba_features.axi_slaves];
```

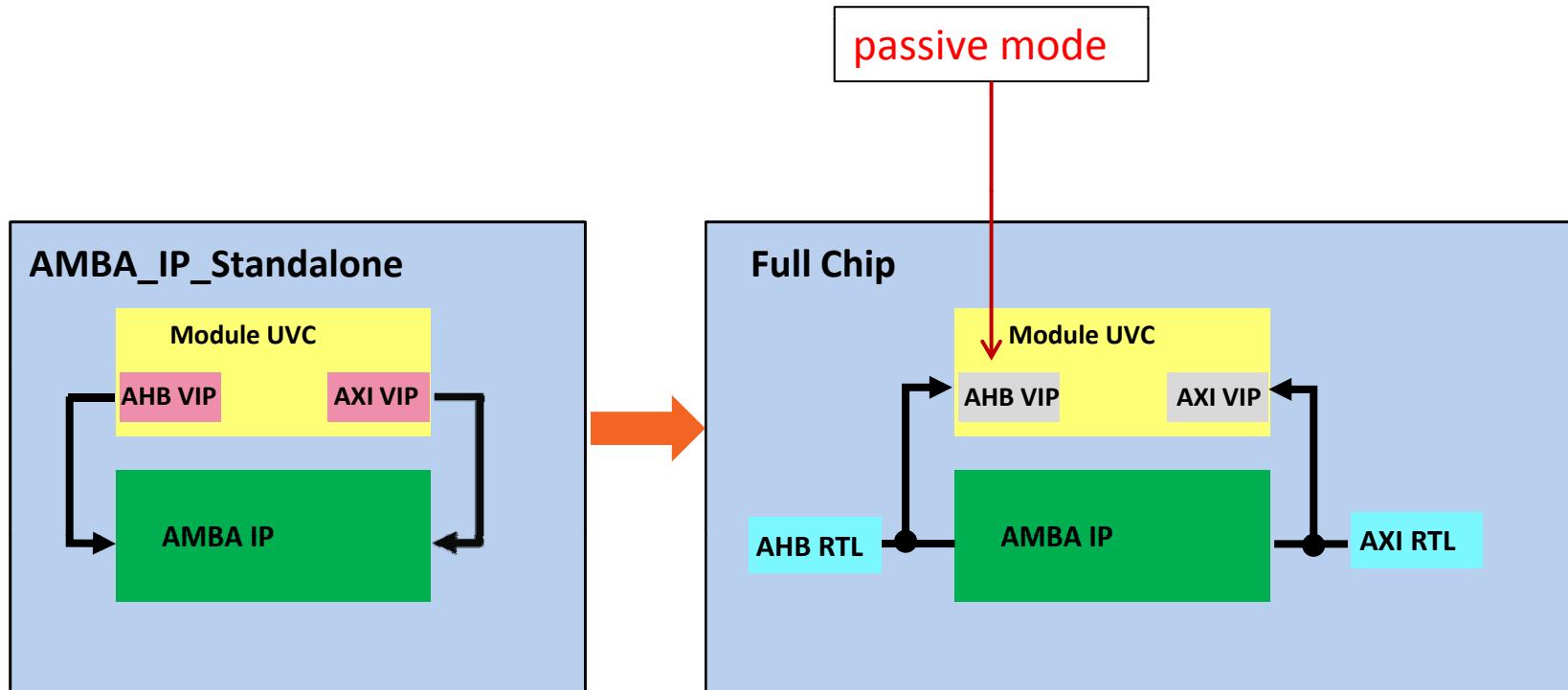
```
foreach(axi_slv_callback[i]) begin
  add_callback(axi_slv_callback[i]);
end
```

Proposed Approach / Solution

4) vertical reuse

Step 1: Create Features.
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From IP level to SOC level

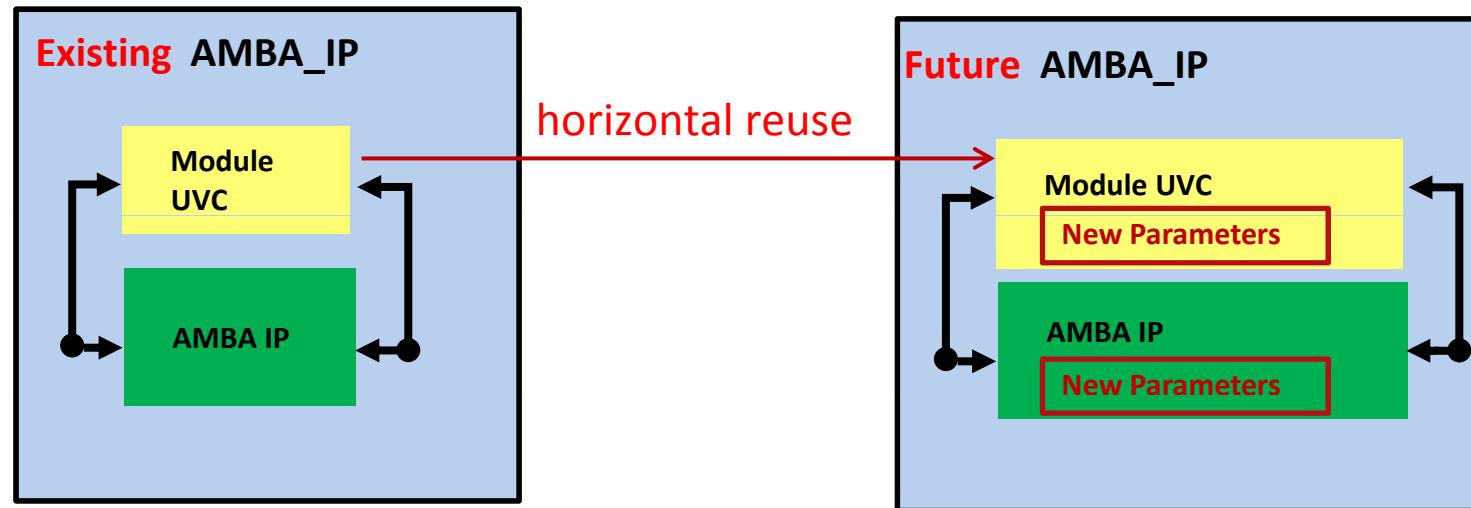


Proposed Approach / Solution

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5) horizontal reuse

From Project to Project



Results And Conclusions



Test bench Connection	Add or remove connection with parameters
UVM Component Hierarchy	Control UVM component build with parameters
Stimulus	Issue proper stimulus with parameters
Predictor	Predict function with parameters
Scoreboard	Compatible with AXI/AHB/APB
Functional Coverage	Add or remove coverage with parameters
Assertion	Configure timing with parameters