

# FLEXIBLE INDIRECT REGISTERS WITH UVM

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# Terminology

- A 'normal' register:  $\text{Data} := \text{read}(\text{ADDR})$
- indirect register:  $\text{Data} := \text{read}(\text{getAddress}(\text{INDEX}))$
- Data register: register that performs the indirect operation when accessed

# There are lots of wishes

- Set of registers indexed by a register field
- Set of registers indexed by a whole register
- Set of registers indexed by multiple fields (multi-dim)
- Set of fields indexed by other field
- Set of registers indexed by reg/wire/port
- Set of registers selected via pattern match from reg
- ...
  
- Obviously any combination of the above ☹️

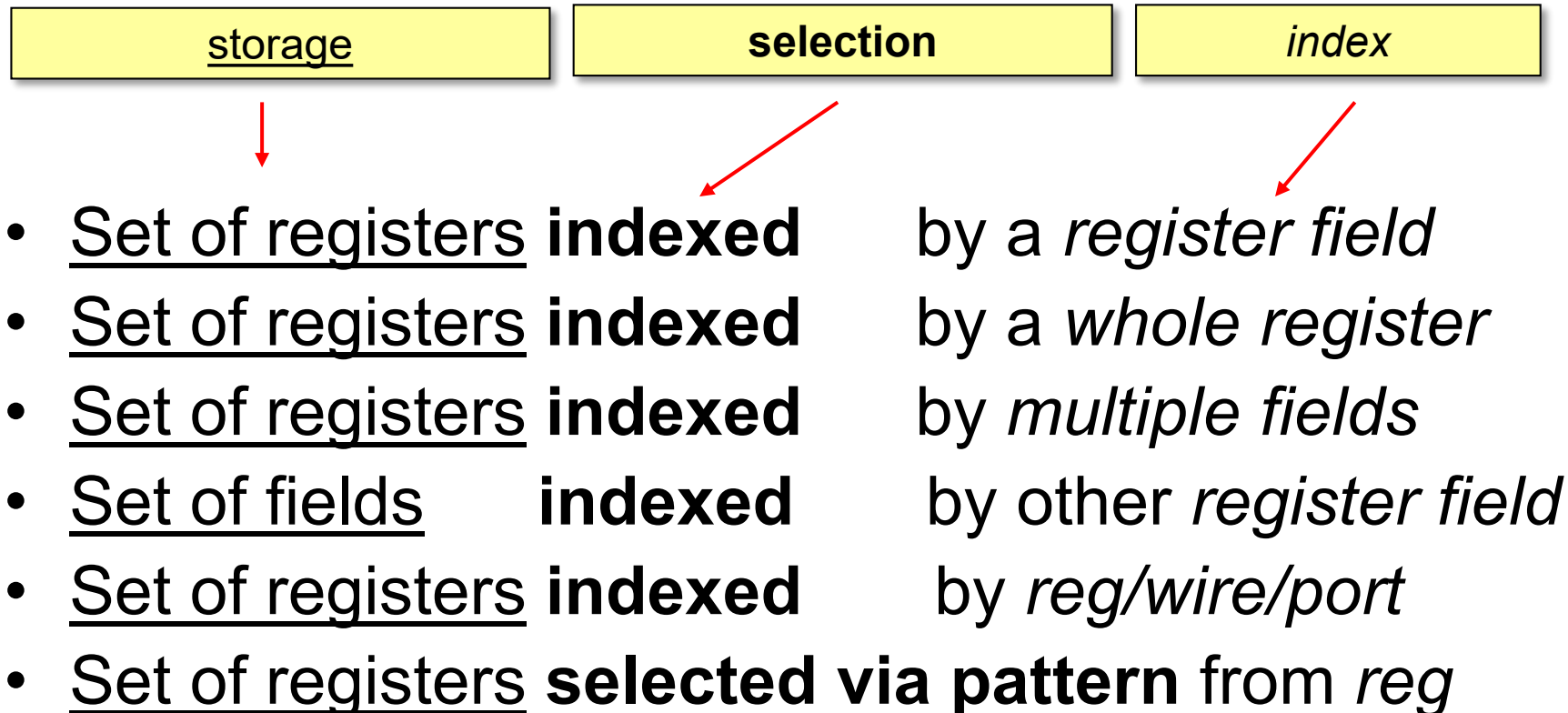
# Problem Statement

- It is impossible to enumerate or implement all of them entirely in a library
- UVM just has a single 'kind' of 'indirect' register
- Can we structure a framework
  - to support arbitrary storage, index and selection?
  - into a generic core and a user side?
  - that is user extensible?

# Object Oriented Design

- Separate what changes (or is unknown) from what stays the same
  - Program to an interface
- Encapsulate behaviors into objects

# Revisiting Engineers Wishes



# Structuring a solution

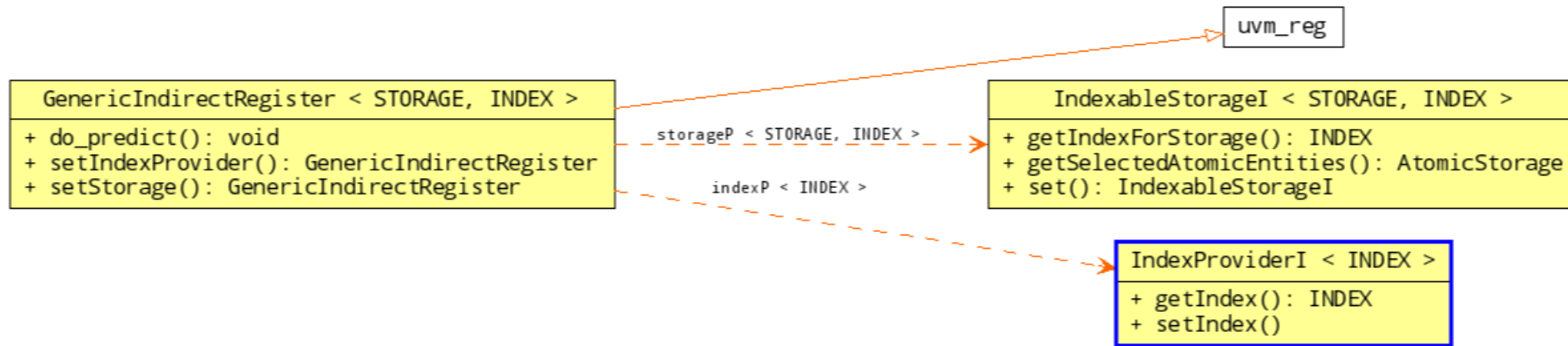
```
Data := applyOperation(getElements(getIndex()))
```

```
Data := applyOperation(  
    storageP.getElements(  
        indexP.getIndex()  
    ))
```



- indexP: object providing the index
- storageP: object performing selection of storage elements for a given index

# Solution Base Classes



- Expects that the user provides at least an implementation of **IndexProviderI** and **IndexableStorageI**
- Expects that the user configures and connects the register and index/storage providers



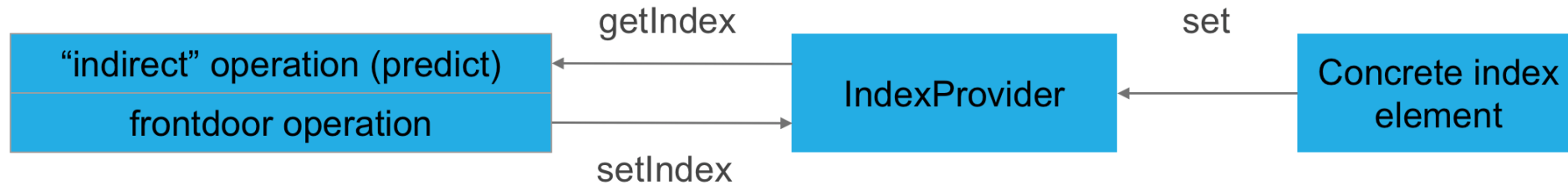
# Generic indirect register (=data register)

```
// indirect register with STORAGE=(Array of uvm_reg) and
// INDEX=(int unsigned)
class GenericIndirectRegister#(type STORAGE=uvm_reg,
                               INDEX=int unsigned)
    extends uvm_reg;

    virtual function void do_predict (uvm_reg_item rw,
                                     uvm_predict_e kind = UVM_PREDICT_DIRECT,
                                     uvm_reg_byte_en_t be = -1);

begin
    INDEX idx = indexP.getIndex();
    STORAGE rg[] =
    storageP.getSelectedAtomicEntities(idx);
    foreach(rg[idx])
        rg[idx].do_predict(rw, kind, be);
    end
endfunction
```

# IndexProviderI Example



```
class URIndexProvider extends IndexProviderI#(int unsigned) ;  
    // reference to uvm_reg_field holding the  
    // actual numeric index  
    local uvm_reg_field store;  
  
...  
    virtual function INDEX getIndex () ;  
        return store.get_mirrored_value () ;  
    endfunction  
  
...  
endclass
```

# Storage Provider example

```
// example provider simply selects a single element via
// an unsigned index from array
// types+fields in base class:
// typedef STORAGE AtomicStorage[];
// protected AtomicStorage thisStore;

class MyIndexableStorageI extends
    IndexableStorageI#(uvm_reg, int unsigned) ;
...
    virtual function AtomicStorage
        getSelectedAtomicEntities (const ref INDEX idx) ;
        AtomicStorage t=new[1];
        t[0]=thisStore[idx];
        return t;
    endfunction
endclass
```

# Frontdoor support

- Framework can be extended for automatic frontdoor support
- Reverse operations needed:
  - StorageProviderI needs support to get an Index for a Set of Storage elements
  - IndexProviderI needs support to set an Index
- Then a generic frontdoor can map a direct access into an indirect bus access

# Summary

- Limited 'indirect' register access support in current UVM
- A generic framework to handle arbitrary indirect registers on top of UVMREG has been presented
- user can provide own types and mechanisms for storage, index and selection
- Code is available <http://forums.accellera.org/files/file/125-flexible-indirect-registers-with-uvmzip/>

# Questions