

Enhancing PHY Design Verification: A Tailored VIP Solution for PIPE Interface-Based Designs

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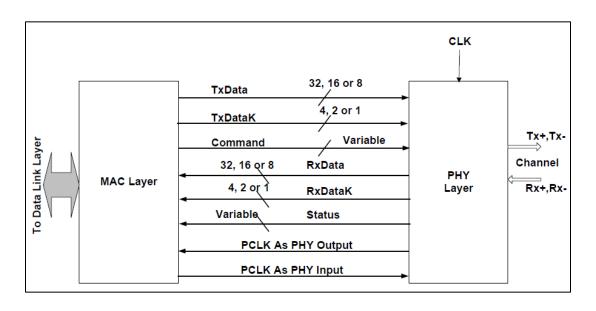
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Introduction to PHY VIP

- The PHY Interface for the PCI Express (PCIe), SATA, USB3.2, DisplayPort, and USB4 Architectures (PIPE) is intended to enable the development of functionalities equivalent to the PHYs of PCIe, SATA, USB, DisplayPort, and USB4.
- These PHYs can be delivered as discrete Integrated Circuits (ICs) or as macrocells for inclusion in Application-Specific Integrated Circuit (ASIC) designs



Introduction to PHY VIP

- Cadence's customers have been verifying different PHY designs using Cadence protocol VIPs for many years.
- The protocol VIPs were mainly designed for full stack verification and introduced an overhead to the verification in the form of the protocol specific rules that were outside the scope of the PHY.
- The trend in PIPE specification is simplifying the PHY design to allow reuse and move more logic to the MAC (e.g. SerDes architecture introduced in PIPE 5.0)
- Cadence PHY VIP solution offers a PHY specific test suite.
- This resulted in a development of a PHY specific VIP, to address the unique challenges of a PHY design.



PHY VIP Architecture

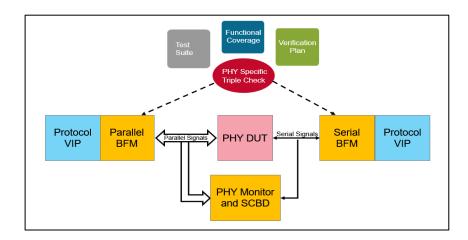
PHY specific TripleCheck solution with a verification plan on the PIPE spec mapped to relevant PIPE coverage items Parallel BFM, driving traffic into the PHY either from the protocol Under-the-hood connection Coverage VIP or from a sequence with protocol VIPs to drive Plan protocol specific traffic **PHY Specific** Triple Check Parallel Protocol PHY DUT Serial Signals Serial Protocol Parallel Signals VIP **BFM** VIP BFM **PHY Monitor** PHY monitor connected to and SCBD Serial BFM, driving traffic into the PHY both serial and PIPE sides of either from the protocol VIP or from a the PHY sequence as well as handling SSC+jitter





BFM Features

- Drive data into the PHY
 - API to drive data transactions.
 - API to sample PHY outputs
 - API to drive PHY inputs.

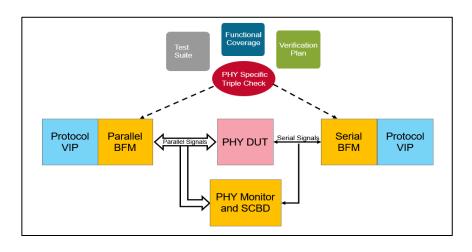


- Ability to control Jitter/SSC to stress CDR logic (serial BFM only).
- Callbacks on before/after the encoder and the serializer to allow fine grain control
- Transmit/receive bit clock can be either TB generated or internally generated/recovered.
- Can be connected seamlessly to a protocol VIP and drive protocol traffic.
 - Currently supported for USB/USB4, planned for PCIe.



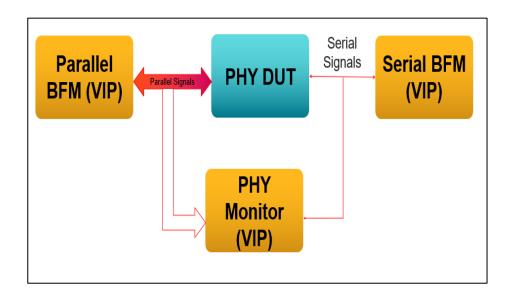
PHY Monitor Features

- Built in score boarding on Rx, Tx and loopback
 - Ability to deal with data consumed by phy
 - Checking effected by changes made by elastic buffer (in original PIPE mode).
- Unique ability to check data across the PHY (unlike a monitor who is only aware of a single interface).
- Callbacks to capture the data for custom checking.
- Comprehensive timing configuration to ensure PHY responds within the desired time period.

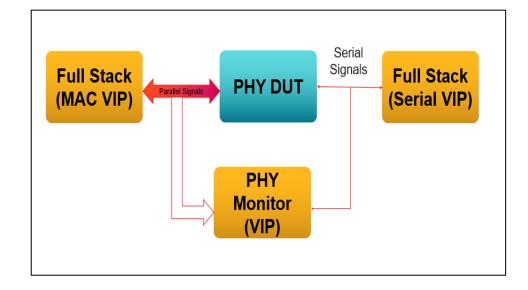


USE Models (1/2)

 PHY DUT environment where traffic is driven by the PHY BFM on both serial and PIPE side.

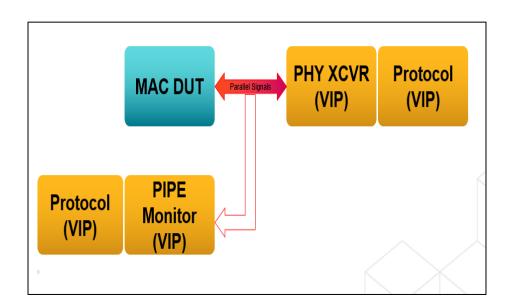


 Monitor only environment where the PHY monitor is added on top of protocol VIPs.

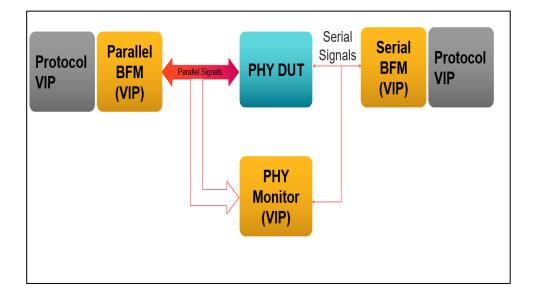


USE Models (2/2)

 MAC DUT environment without having serial interface env.



 Protocol + PHY VIP integrated environment for PHY DUT verification.



PHY VIP unique capabilities (1/2)

- The PHY monitor was designed for PHY VIPs and therefore allows built in support of features that previously were not supported or required complex testbench code:
 - Out of the box built in data score boarding which is flexible enough to support common phy scenarios (consuming data due to bit/symbol/block lock, phy delays, etc.)

 The SCBD is reset every time the DUT enters electrical idle and starts again once data transmission continues (independently on Rx and Tx path)



PHY VIP unique capabilities (2/2)

• End to end checkers, that ensure that actions on the PIPE side are handled in a timely manner on the serial interface.

```
DENALI_PIPEPHY_NON_IDLE_LINES_AFTER_TXELECIDLE_SET = 117, // PIPE spec Table 6.2 : Tx Desp/Dn lines are not idle even %s after TxElecIdle signal is asserted at %s.Program the expected PHY Delay value using SOMA Parameter :tTxElecIdleResp or Register: DENALI_PIPEPHY_RespECT_TXELECIDLE_RESP_TIME.
```

Glitch checkers on both serial and PIPE signals.

```
DENALI_PIPEPHY_SERIAL_TX_UI_GLITCH = 129, // PIPE spec Section 6 : Detected Glitch on Ta
Serial line. Expected bit time = %s. Received bit time = %s.
```

- Simplified configuration with PHY related items only.
- Over 200+ PHY specific checkers.

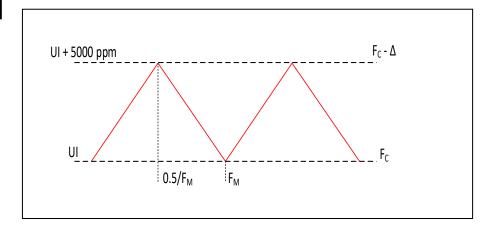


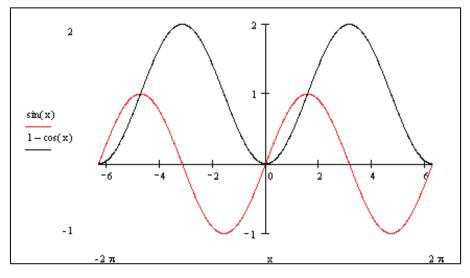
PHY VIP unique capabilities

- SSC Triangular wave with down spread
 - PPM offset on the output clock
 - o Control parameters:
 - Modulation frequency
 - SSC PPM
 - Offset PPM

Jitter

- Absolute jitter programmable parameters
 - Amplitude
 - Frequency
- Random jitter programmable parameter
 - Variance
- Total Jitter = Absolute Jitter + Random Jitter





Integration with Protocol VIP

Long term plan is to have all relevant VIPs use the PHY VIP

