

SAN JOSE, CA, USA MARCH 4-7, 2024

## Efficient application of AI algorithms for large-scale verification environments based on NoC architecture

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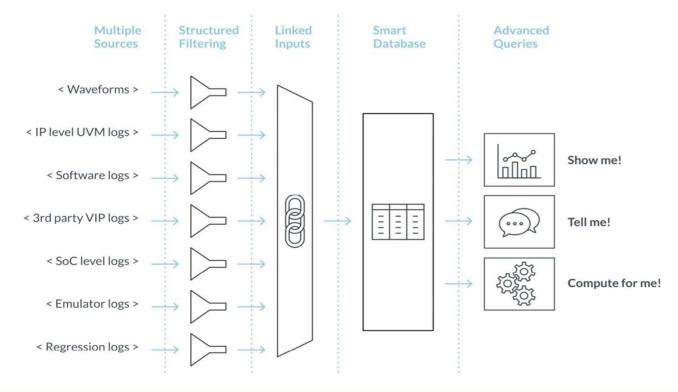


## Objectives

- Improve standard verification techniques
- Address key challenges in large-scale verification environments
- Understand verification outcome as one big-data dataset
- Explore areas where AI/ML are applicable for verification
- Introduce a novel approach: AI on unified big-data datasets from multiple sources



## Al-driven verification flow







## Typical NoC verification challenges

- 1. Unexpected transactions, for
  - Matching source and destination endpoints in failing transfers
  - Resolving common failures
  - Interleaving burst translations
- 2. Error response transactions, for reserved and/or broken address ranges
- 3. Distribution of transaction, for qualifying test and verification environment
- 4. Utilization of outstanding transactions, for improved performance
- 5. Detection of repetitive transaction patterns irregularity, for measuring throughput and detection of transfer timeouts





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## Efficient test generation and distribution

SYSTEMS INITIATIVE

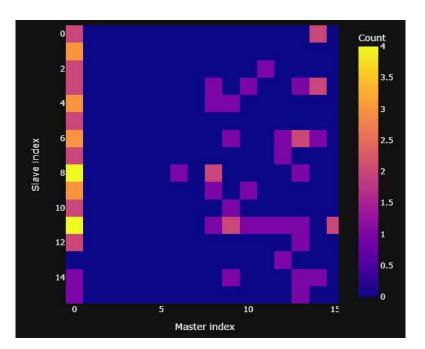


## Transaction distribution

#### Issues

- Test quality
- Constraint issues
- Even distribution

- Understand test scenarios before implementing functional coverage
- Cover test scenarios, faster
- Shorter regression time







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## Faster verification and debugging

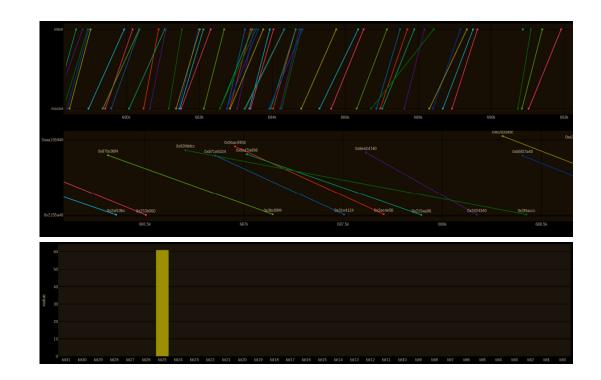
SYSTEMS INITIATIVE

## Handling unexpected transactions

#### Issues

- Unexpected transactions
- Test gets stuck
- Common failures

- Detect exact origin of failed transactions
- Address correlation algorithm
- Find common values in every failing transaction







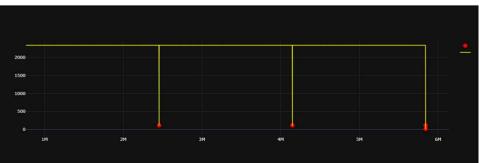
# Detecting irregularity in repetitive transaction patterns

#### Issues

- HW/SW co-verification
- Multiple sources: Tarmac, UVM logs, waveforms, disassembly

- Detecting unexpected branches in SW
- Unexpected interrupt
- Drops in efficiency
- Anomaly in transaction duration







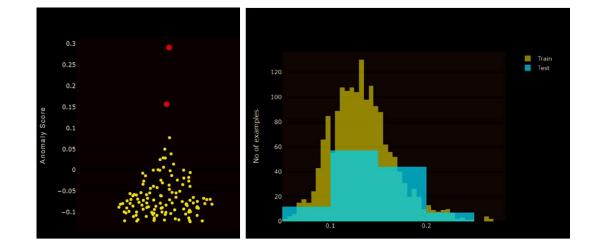


## Neural network model training and deployment

#### Issues

- Incremental learning as project progresses
- Training on specific ENV, transactions, and interface
- Bugs not revealed by checkers

- Verification-tailored models
- Auto-anomaly detection
- Checker validation





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## Performance, throughputs, and bottlenecks

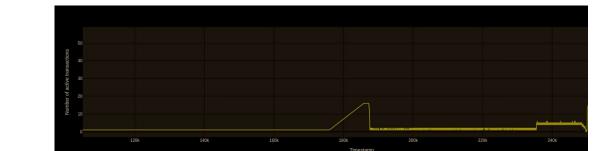
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## Outstanding transactions utilization

#### Issues

- Interface utilizations
- Throughput and performance
- HW/SW profiling

- Find bottlenecks
- Improve test scenarios
- Maximize outstanding transactions





## Achievements of our Al-driven approach

#### Features

- Automated multi-dimensional anomaly detection
  - Timing: Consider duration of transactions and gaps between transactions
  - Values: Set of data fields
- Chat GPT: Ask questions on unified database
- Comparison of passing and failing tests
- Address distance

- Bug detection
- Quality of test: Distribution
- Utilization (number of outstanding transactions)
- Performance (duration of transaction and gaps between transactions)
- Detect bottlenecks in the system



## Conclusion

New mindset. Simulation as one big-data dataset

**New top-down approach**. Transform standard verification from bottom-up to macro-level process

Al-driven. Effective test generation and distribution

Speed and ease. Faster verification and debugging

**Utilization.** Optimize performance, thruputs, and bottlenecks

**Beyond thinking**. Amplify engineers' capacity for capturing SW irregularities and unused bandwidths across interconnected transmission

Limitless potential. Alleviate verification workloads with AI/ML





## Thank you



